



Natural Heritage & Endangered Species Program

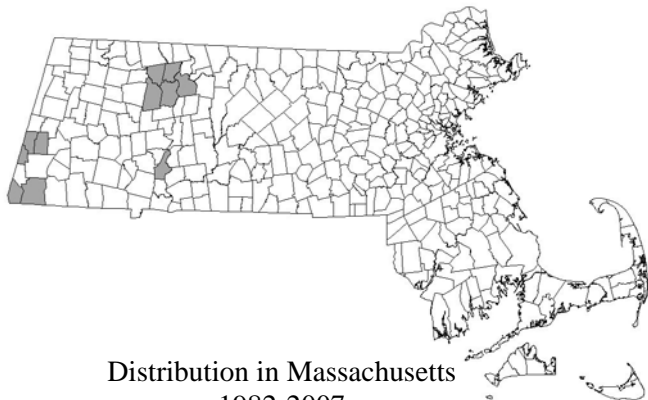
Massachusetts Division of Fisheries & Wildlife
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Description: Round-leaf Shadbush (*Amelanchier sanguinea*) is a deciduous, straggling or arching slender shrub which grows singly or few-together in a clump on calcareous or sub-acid rocky ledges, outcrops and summits. A member of the Rosaceae, it has racemes of white flowers that bloom in late April and early May.

Aids to identification: The leaves of Round-leaf Shadbush are alternate, coarsely-toothed and strongly-veined, with the straight, primary veins unbranched or few-branched. The hypanthium, or cup-shaped structure below the sepals, is very broad (5 mm diameter) and open-saucer shaped compared to other shadbushes. The ovary summits of the flower are densely woolly-pubescent. The racemes of many white flowers are curved or loose-drooping; the petals are narrow and elongate (11-15 mm long).

Similar species: Running Shadbush (*A. spicata*; syn. *A. stolonifera*) has frequently been confused with the Round-leaf Shadbush in Massachusetts. Running Shadbush may be distinguished from Round-leaf Shadbush by its colonial growth habit, finely-toothed leaves with curving, many-branched primary veins, narrower hypanthium (3-4 mm), and compact, densely-flowered racemes of flowers with shorter (7-9 mm long), obovate petals.

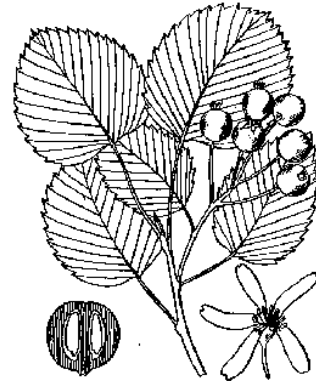


Distribution in Massachusetts
1982-2007

Based on records in Natural Heritage Database

Round-leaf Shadbush *Amelanchier sanguinea*

State Status: **Special Concern**
Federal Status: None



Britton, N.L. and A. Brown. 1970. *An Illustrated Flora of the Northern United States and Canada*. Second Edition. Dover Publications, Inc. New York.

Habitat in Massachusetts: Round-leaf Shadbush inhabits open to partly-shaded sites in Massachusetts on riverside outcrops and rocky summits. Associated species include Rock-sandwort (*Minuartia michauxii*; Special Concern), Mountain Alder (*Alnus viridis* ssp. *crispa*; Threatened), and other shadbushes such as Running Shadbush (*A. spicata*).

Threats: Threats to Round-leaf shadbush include changes alterations to flood regimes along rivers, which may periods of inundation periods, physical scour and subsequent succession. Competition from non-native species along river shores is also a concern. Trampling and soil compaction by hikers may threaten summit populations.

Flowering time in Massachusetts

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

Range: The range of Round-leaf Shadbush extends from southern Quebec, west to Ontario, south to western New England, and along the mountains to Georgia, and west to northern Ohio, Wisconsin and Southern Iowa.

Population status in Massachusetts: Round-leaf Shadbush is listed under the Massachusetts Endangered Species Act as Special Concern. All listed species are legally protected from killing, collection, possession, or sale, and from activities that would destroy habitat and thus directly or indirectly cause mortality or disrupt critical behaviors. Round-leaf Shadbush is currently vouchered from only Franklin County, and is historically vouchered from Berkshire, Worcester and Middlesex Counties.

Management recommendations: As with many rare species, the exact management needs of Round-leaf Shadbush are not known. Protecting the habitat of this species requires maintaining open or low-density over-story vegetation. At riverside ledges, flooding regimes should be allowed to continue in order to stay shoreline succession. Removal of invasive species along river shores may be appropriate if introductions are detected. At summit populations, rerouting trails to avoid direct hiker impacts to Round-leaf Shadbush may be desirable. To avoid inadvertent harm to rare plants, all active management of rare plant populations (including invasive species removal) should be planned in consultation with the Massachusetts Natural Heritage & Endangered Species Program.

Updated June 2007

Please allow the Natural Heritage & Endangered Species Program to continue to conserve the biodiversity of Massachusetts with a contribution for 'endangered wildlife conservation' on your state income tax form as these donations comprise a significant portion of our operating budget.